NRCS CONSERVATION PRACTICE EFFECTS - NETWORK DIAGRAM September 2014 Stream Crossing (578) **Trails and Walkways (575)** Initial setting: Grazing lands where improvement in access to forage, water, and Start shelter; diversion from ecological sites; or Structure for Water travel through difficult areas is needed Control (587) Establish a trail or walkway D.1 (-) Access to D.2 (+) Livestock D.3 (+) Grazing D.4 (+) Access to agricultural, D.5 (+) Access to efficiency and ecologically sensitive access to forage, construction, or maintenance recreation sites or for areas, erosive areas, or constructed water distribution operations recreational activities sources, shelter, and/or water bodies handling/milking **LEGEND** facilities I.9 (-) Wear and I.7 (+) Plant tear on Access condition and Mitigating practice equipment productivity Control (472) Associated practice I.10 (-) Fence (382) Maintenance I.8 (+) Livestock #. Created by practice costs productivity D. Direct effect I.11 (-) I. Indirect effect I.1 (+) Wildlife Compaction habitat C. Cumulative effect I.12 (-) Erosion Pathway I.6 (+) Firebreaks Notes: I.13 (-) Overall cost to Effects are qualified with a plus farmers (+) or minus (-). These symbols I.2 (+) Wildlife I.14 (+) indicate only an increase (+) or a species diversity Recreational decrease (-) in the effect upon opportunities the resource, not whether the I.3 (-) Contaminants, effect is beneficial or adverse. pathogens, nutrients, and sediment to surface water C.3 (+) Income and income stability I.4 (-) Noxious algal and C.2 (+) Public/private health, safety, weed growth (individuals and and aesthetics community)

C.1 (+) Water quality and aquatic

habitats

I.5 (+) Dissolved oxygen

in surface waters